Welcome to Talking with Patients about Long COVID





October 27, 2022

12:00PM-1:00PM







Continuing Medical Education Disclosure

All planners, staff and others involved with this activity have reported no relevant financial relationships with ineligible companies whose primary business is producing, marketing, selling, re-selling, or distributing healthcare products used by or on patients.

This activity has not received commercial support.



Housekeeping



For Panelists: Please remember to mute yourself when not speaking.



For Attendees: This session is being recorded. Please access today's slides and recording through the following link: https://eziz.org/covid/crucialconversations



Please use "Q&A" to ask questions.

For post-webinar questions, contact rachel.jacobs@cdph.ca.gov.



Questions & Answers

During today's session, please use the Q&A panel to ask your questions.





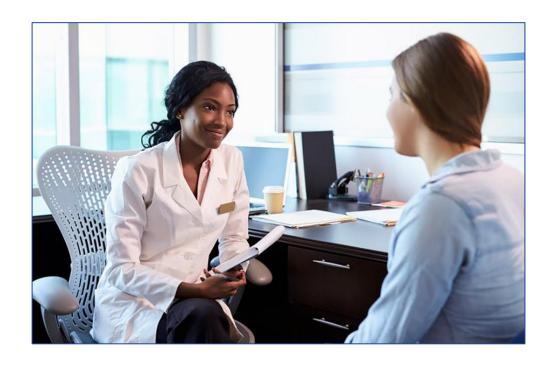
Resource links will be dropped into the "Chat"



Webinar Objectives

Participants will learn:

- Definition, diagnosis, and manifestations of long COVID
- How to effectively talk with patients about long COVID
- Resources to use when talking with patients



Agenda: Thursday, October 27, 2022

No.	Item	Speaker(s)	Time (PM)
1	Welcome	Rachel Jacobs (CDPH)	12:00 – 12:05
2	Talking with Patients about Long COVID	Atul Nakhasi, M.D., M.P.P	12:05 – 12:40
	12:40 – 12:55		
3	Resources, Poll, and Wrap-Up	Rachel Jacobs (CDPH)	12:55 – 1:00



Poll: CPDH appreciates your feedback

How confident are you in your ability to effectively talk with patients about long COVID?

- Very confident
- Confident
- ☐ Somewhat confident
- → Slightly confident
- Not confident





Talking with Patients about Long COVID

Atul Nakhasi, M.D., M.P.P.
Senior Advisor, Office of the U.S. Surgeon General
Co-founder, #ThisIsOurShot







Long COVID Definition

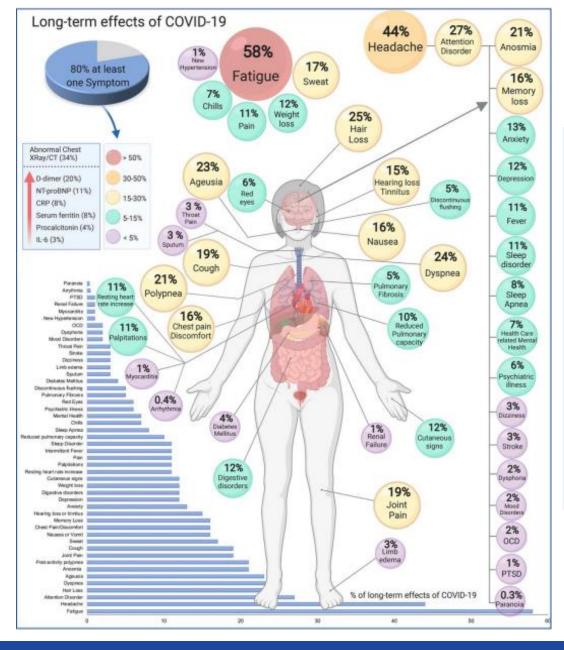
Many Names

- Post-COVID conditions (PCC)
- Long COVID
- Long-haul COVID
- Post-acute COVID-19
- Post-acute sequelae of SARS CoV-2 infection (PASC)
- Long-term effects of COVID
- Chronic COVID

Although standardized case definitions are still being developed, in the broadest sense, post-COVID conditions can be considered a lack of return to a usual state of health following acute COVID-19 illness. (CDC)

- CDC considers post-COVID conditions to be present if recovery does not occur after the 4-week acute phase.
- Many patients continue to recover between 4 and 12 weeks; however, persistent illness becomes more likely after 12 weeks.





Long COVID Symptoms

- · Dyspnea or increased respiratory effort
- Fatigue
- · Post-exertional malaise* and/or poor endurance
- Cognitive impairment or "brain fog"
- Cough
- · Chest pain
- Headache
- · Palpitations and tachycardia
- Arthralgia
- Myalgia
- Paresthesia
- · Abdominal pain

- Diarrhea
- · Insomnia and other sleep difficulties
- Fever
- Lightheadedness
- · Impaired daily function and mobility
- Pain
- Rash (e.g., urticaria)
- Mood changes
- · Anosmia or dysgeusia
- · Menstrual cycle irregularities
- Erectile dysfunction



Persistence of somatic symptoms after COVID-19 in the Netherlands: an observational cohort study

Published: August 06, 2022 • DOI: https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(22)01214-4

THE LANCET

Methods:

- Longitudinal dynamics of 23 symptoms assessed using 24 repeated measurements March 2020 August 2021
- Symptom severity before & after in participants with COVID compared to COVID-19-negative matched controls

Results:

- 76,422 participants (mean age 54 years, 61% female) completed a total of 883,973 questionnaires
- 4,231 participants had COVID-19 (positive test or diagnosis) and were matched to 8,462 controls
- 21.4% of COVID-19-positive participants versus 8.7% of COVID-19-negative controls had at least one core COVID symptom substantially increase 90-150 days after COVID-19 diagnosis or matched timepoint

Conclusion: In 12.7% of patients, these symptoms could be attributed to COVID-19



Research Letter



July 1, 2022

Association Between BNT162b2 Vaccination and Long COVID After Infections Not Requiring Hospitalization in Health Care Workers

Elena Azzolini, MD, PhD¹; Riccardo Levi, MSc²; Riccardo Sarti, MSc²; et al

» Author Affiliations | Article Information

JAMA. 2022;328(7):676-678. doi:10.1001/jama.2022.11691

Observational cohort study from March 2020 to April 2022 in individuals working in 9 Italian health care facilities

The number of vaccine doses was associated with lower long COVID prevalence: **41.8%** (95% CI, 37.0%-46.7%) in unvaccinated patients, **30.0%** (95% CI, 6.7%-65.2%) with 1 dose, **17.4%** (95% CI, 7.8%-31.4%) with 2 doses, and **16.0%** (95% CI, 11.8%-21.0%) with 3 doses



What we know:

- Post-COVID conditions (PCC) include a wide array of ongoing health concerns that may last weeks, months, or longer
- PCC are more likely in those who have had severe infections, hospitalizations, or MIS-C, but there are cases of PCC in those with mild cases
- Female, older, nonwhite
- Comorbidities (Cardiac, DM, CKD)
- Unvaccinated individuals are more likely to have PCC

What we still don't know:

- The pathophysiology
- The constellation of symptoms, clinical manifestations, and duration of symptoms
- A deeper understanding of the risk factors
- The availability of treatments



Discussing Long COVID: Five Key Messages





The term "post-COVID conditions" is an umbrella term for a wide range of physical and mental health consequences experienced by some patients that are present four or more weeks after SARS-CoV-2 infection, including by patients who had initial mild or asymptomatic acute infections.





2

Based on current information, many post-COVID conditions can be managed by primary care providers, using patient-centered approaches to optimize the quality of life and function of affected patients.





3

Objective laboratory or imaging findings should not be used as the only measure or assessment of a patient's well-being; normal laboratory or imaging findings do not invalidate the existence, severity, or importance of a patient's post-COVID symptoms or conditions.





4

Healthcare providers and patients are encouraged to set achievable goals through shared decision-making and to approach treatment by focusing on specific symptoms (e.g., headache) or conditions (e.g., dysautonomia).





5

Understanding of post-COVID conditions remains incomplete. The approach to caring for patients with post-COVID conditions will likely change over time as evidence accumulates.

"We don't fully understand what causes long COVID, why it happens, and how to treat it at this time but what we can do is focus on the symptoms you're experiencing right now and put a plan together to get you to start feeling better."





Long COVID: Three Tips for Symptom Management Approach



Tip 1 for Symptom Management Approach

- Many post-COVID conditions can be improved through already established symptom management approaches (e.g., breathing exercises to improve symptoms of dyspnea).
- Creating a comprehensive rehabilitation plan may be helpful for some patients, and might include physical and occupational therapy, speech and language therapy, or vocational therapy, as well as neurologic rehabilitation for cognitive symptoms.
- A conservative physical rehabilitation plan might be indicated for some patients (e.g., persons with post-exertional malaise). Gradual return to activity as tolerated could be helpful for most patients.



Tip 2 for Symptom Management Approach

Optimizing management of underlying medical conditions might include counseling on lifestyle components **such as nutrition**, **sleep**, **and stress reduction** (**e.g.**, **meditation**). <u>COVID-19 vaccination</u> should be offered to all eligible people, regardless of their history of SARS-CoV-2 infection.



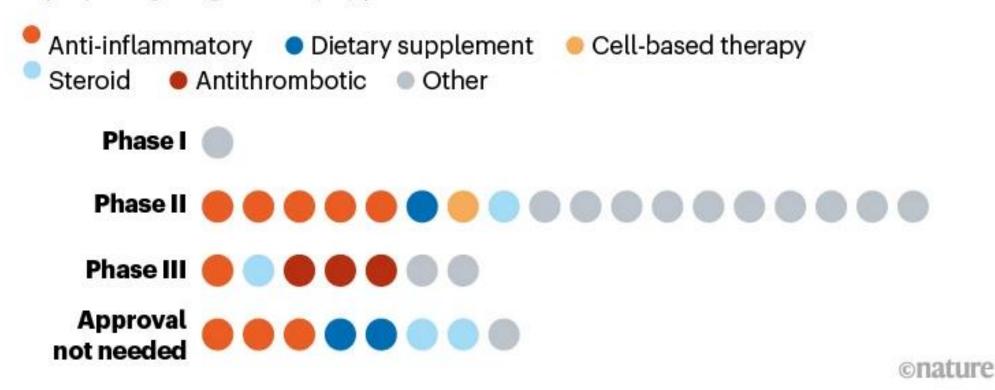
Tip 3 for Symptom Management Approach

- Patient diaries and calendars might be useful to document changes in health conditions and symptom severity—especially in relation to potential triggers such as exertion (physical and cognitive), foods, menstruation, and treatments or medications.
- Such diaries and calendars can provide greater insight into patients' symptoms and lived experience for healthcare providers.
- Healthcare providers should encourage patients to report any new or changing symptoms and to discuss any changes in activities or routines.



TRIALS TAKE OFF

At least 26 randomized trials are under way to test therapies for long COVID. Many candidates target symptoms such as inflammation or clots. Some, such as the antidepressant fluvoxamine, act on different symptoms. Some researchers are repurposing drugs already approved for other conditions.



Source: Airfinity





Help us determine the future of #ThisISOurShot and #VacunateYa

Take our survey here!





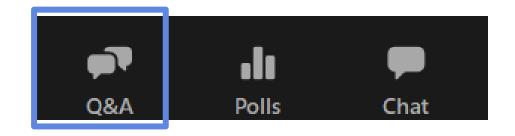
Q&A, Poll, and Resources

Rachel Jacobs, CDPH



Questions & Answers

During today's session, please use the Q&A panel to ask your questions.





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Poll: CPDH appreciates your feedback

Following this webinar, how confident are you in your ability to effectively talk with patients about long COVID?

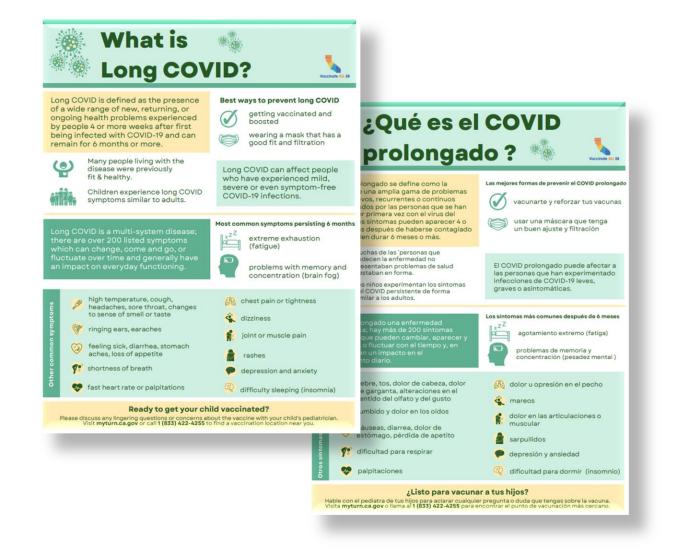
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Additional Resources

- What is Long COVID? Fliers in English and Spanish
- Resources for People with Post-COVID Conditions (Long COVID)
- Post-COVID Conditions (Long COVID)
- Voices of Long COVID Toolkit





Toolkits, Fliers, Conversation Guides, and Videos

#ThisIsOurShot Toolkit COVID-19 Crucial Conversations Campaign





TOP 5 REASONS Your Kids Should Get the **COVID-19 Vaccine** With students heading back to in-person instruction, here are some things you need to know about protecting your children with the COVID-19 vaccine. Unvaccinated children are at risk of getting COVID-19, and can suffer very serious complications, and potential long-term impacts that we are still learning about. The vaccine is safe and effective, and no long-term problems have been seen for any vaccine. The science behind the vaccine has been under development and studied by The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services for over 20 years. Getting those who are eligible vaccinated can help keep school communities safe.

Kids have missed critical social and emotional milestones

with their school community. Getting them safely back to the

Vaccines are safe, effective, and free, regardless of

Get your children back to school safely. Get them vaccinated against COVID-19 today! Learn more at VaccinateALL58.com.

their mental health and wellness.

insurance or immigration status.

classroom and their favorite afterschool activities helps support

VaccinateALL58.com



Vaccinate

ALL 58

Next Crucial Conversations Webinar: Safely Combatting Misinformation on Social Media

Please join Vicki Chan, MD, <u>#ThisIsOurShot</u>, and the CDPH Trust & Safety Team to discuss current COVID-19 misinformation trends and safely combating misinformation on social media.

When: Thursday, November 3 at 12:00PM-1:00PM

Register here!



Upcoming Opportunities



Monday

My Turn and myCAvax Office Hours

Next session: Monday, October 31, 12PM

Friday

Provider Consolidated Webinar

Next session: Friday, October 28, 9AM

Note: New session length of 90-minutes to include COVID-19 Vaccine, COVID-19 Therapeutics, MPX Vaccine, and MPX Therapeutics





Additional Support

Type of Support	Description Updated 6.6.22	
COVID-19 Provider Call Center	The COVID-19 Call Center for Providers and Local Health Departments is dedicated to medical providers in California and their COVID-19 response, specifically addressing questions about State program requirements, enrollment, and vaccine distribution, including the Vaccine Marketplace.	
/ • \	Email: covidcallcenter@cdph.ca.gov	
	Phone: (833) 502-1245, Monday through Friday from 8AM–6PM	
Enrollment Support	For Provider enrollment support, please contact myCAvax Clinic Operations at	
	Email: myCAvaxinfo@cdph.ca.gov	
	Dedicated staff provide up-to-date information and technical support on the myCAvax system.	
myCAvax Help Desk	Email: myCAvax.HD@Accenture.com	
\Box	Phone: (833)-502-1245, option 3, Monday through Friday 8AM–6PM	
	For training opportunities: https://eziz.org/covid/education/	
My Turn Clinic Help Desk	For onboarding support (those in the process of onboarding): myturnonboarding@cdph.ca.gov	
wy furn chinic flerp besi	For technical support with My Turn Clinic for COVID-19 and flu vaccines: MyTurn.Clinic.HD@Accenture.com or	
	(833) 502-1245, option 4: Monday through Friday 8AM-6PM	
	For job aids, demos, and training opportunities: flu at https://eziz.org/covid/myturn/flu/ and COVID at https://eziz.org/ and https://exiz.org/ and <a hr<="" td="">	
Archived	For archived communications from the COVID-19 Provider Call Center about the California COVID-19 Vaccination Program	
Communications	visit	
	Website: <u>EZIZ Archived Communications</u>	



Special Thanks to Today's Presenter:

Atul Nakhasi, M.D., M.P.P.

Webinar Planning & Support:

Rachel Jacobs, Tyler Janzen, Blanca Corona, Charles Roberts







